

REMEC

Defense & Space

Presentation to:

MPAR Symposium

Presenters: Steve Nelson, Chris Ison

Date: October 11th, 2007

REMEC gratefully acknowledges
the guidance and support of
AFRL – WPAFB,
& historical perspective from
retired meteorologist
Ray Nelson



Reducing Cost, Size, & Mass of Radar Components

// REMEC is part of Cobham Defense Electronics Systems (CDES)



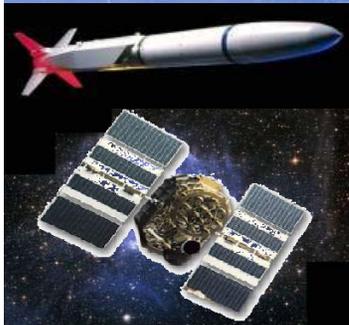
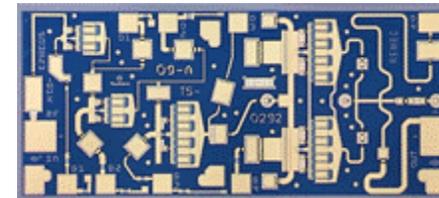
// Microwave Engineering design and manufacturing solutions:

- Components to Multi-Function Assemblies



// Product focused toward **M**ultifunction **P**hased **A**rray **R**adars

- Highly Integrated T/R MMICs
- Multi-Channel T/R Modules
- Analog Combiner Circuits
- Time Domain Units
- Antenna Elements
- Low Phase Noise Synthesizers
- Broadband Up Down Converters
- D / A and A / D Converter Modules



// REMEC integrates these technologies into Phased Array and Digital Receiver Exciter subsystems

Weather – 1800's – Mark Twain

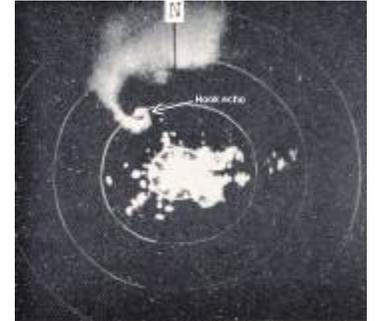
“A great, great deal has been said about the weather, but very little has ever been done.”



“Weather is a literary specialty, and no untrained hand can turn out a good article of it.”

Weather Surveillance Radars - Progress

Radar	Minimum Detectable Return	Angular Beam Width	
WSR-3 (1950's) (Navy 3 cm)	"large" storms		Phased Array Radar <i>Solid State</i> concept - AFAL "molecular electronics" <i>IC Concept – UK Royal Radar Establishment 1952</i> <i>G.A.W. Dummer; Kilby</i> MERA S-Band PAR - silicon – 1964 (AFAL, TI)
WSR-57 (10.3 cm) (late 50s – 80s) WSR-74S	18 dBZ light precipitation	2.0 deg	
WSR-88D (11.1 cm) (1990s --)	-28 dBZ very light precipitation, snow, clear air boundaries	0.96 deg (2.7 GHz) 0.88 deg (3.0 GHz)	"Brick" T/R Modules - 1970s – 90s Surface Mount Plastic / LCP Package T/R Modules 2005 --

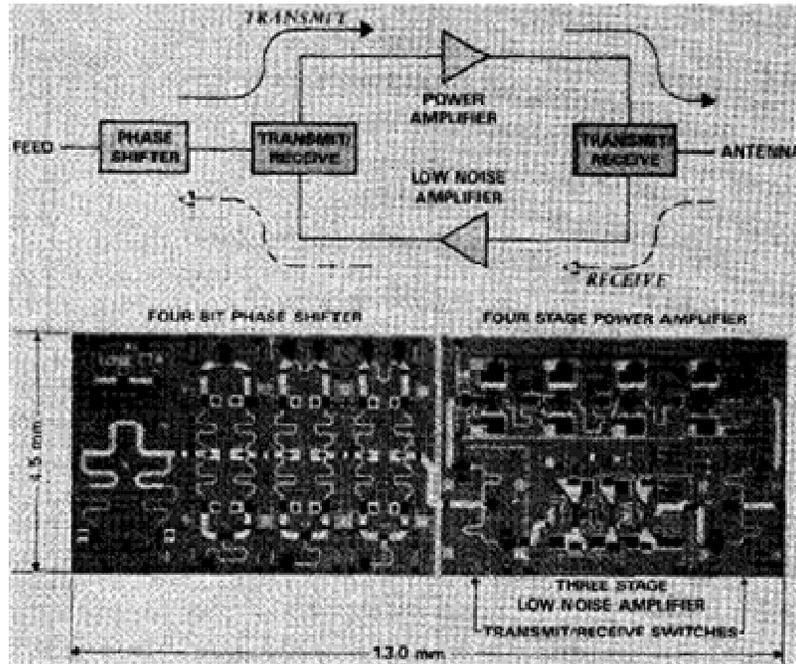


(g) 1831 CST, RBM 5 n.mi.
WSR-3 Topeka office
tornado hook echo
5/9/60 (NOAA)

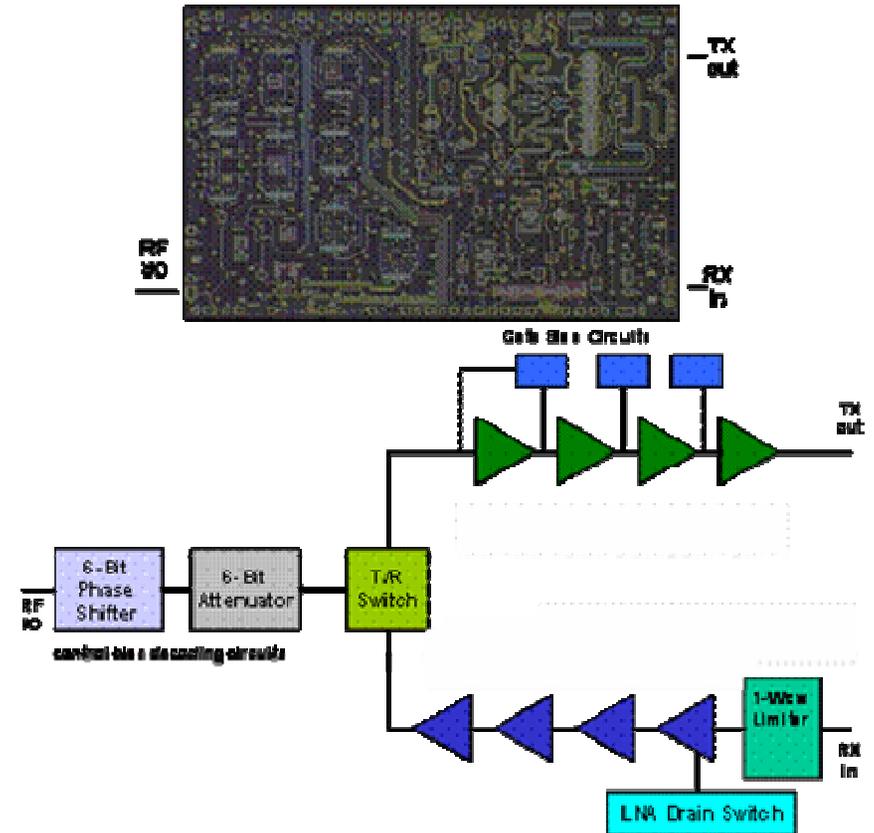


WSR-57
Antenna
(NOAA)

Transmit/Receive MMICs – 1985 - 2005



First T/R MMIC, 1985, Texas Instruments CRL
 DARPA 1979-85; 0.5-um II MESFET
 20-mm on-chip gate width; 377-pF capacitance;
 0.45-W PA, 12% p.a.e.;
 approx. 80 sq. mm area
 14% yield; 50-mm diameter wafers
 McQuiddy, et al, Proceedings IEEE, Vol. 79, No. 3, March 1991



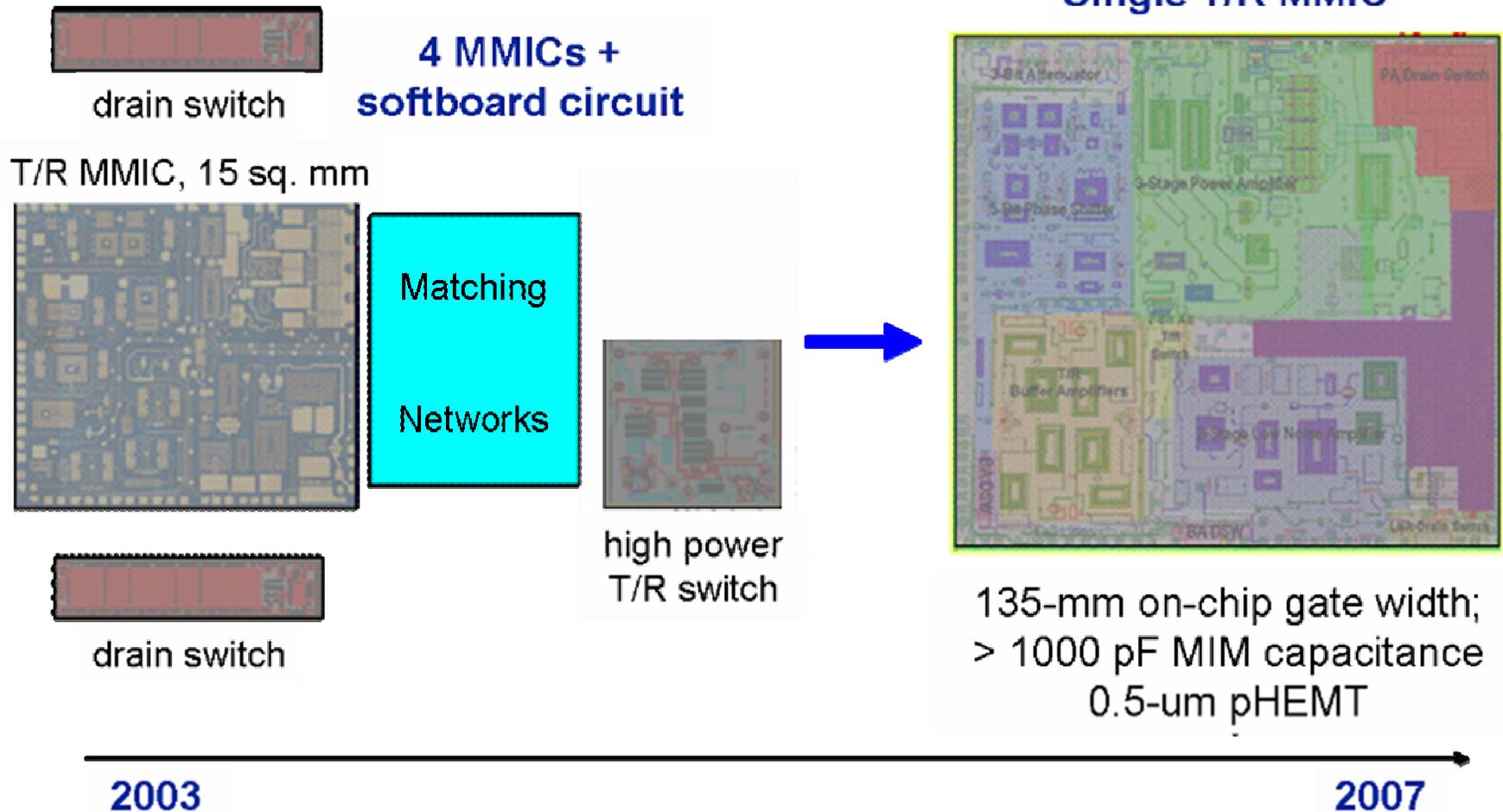
REMEC D&S T/R MMIC
 21 sq. mm area, 100-mm diameter wafers
 HPA, 40% p.a.e.; 60% yield

1979 – 1985 Higher integration; >4x size reduction; >> 16x cost reduction 2005

More Integration – Less T/R Module Complexity

Low Wafer Cost, High Yield Commercial Foundry Processes

Single T/R MMIC

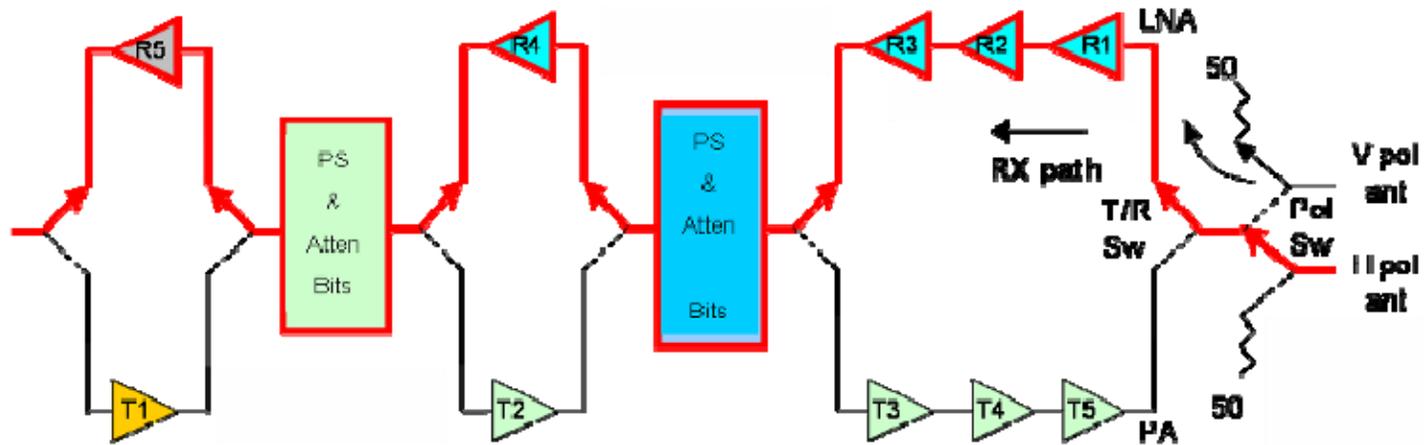


T/R MMICs Contain:

RF Circuits:

Power Amplifier
n-Bit Phase Shifter or Time-Delay Circuit
n-Bit Attenuator
Limiters

Low Noise Amplifier
T/R Switches
Buffer Amplifiers



DC Circuits:

Decoders
Drain Switches *

Bias Noise Reduction
ESD Protection

** remove external MOSFET pulse on/off components*

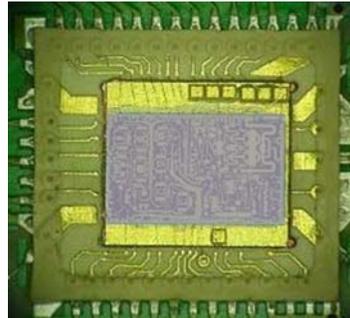
T/R MMIC Features

Small area, low aspect ratio MMICs

< 30 sq. mm typ. area -- high level of integration

< 2:1 aspect ratios of T/R MMICs improve strength

Increase package options, reduce package size



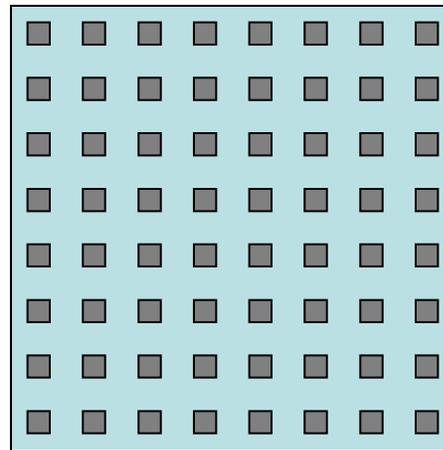
LCP
Package
& T/R MMIC

BCB dielectric overcoat

Enables molded, low cost plastic/LCP – surface mount packages

Reduce handling damage, improve strength

- Surface mount, small area T/R modules greatly **reduce component count - & simplify assembly of** - phased array radar panels.



- Surface mount assembly allows 16-, 64-, or more T/R modules to be assembled at one time

Array packaging is critical for thermal performance

*REMEC air cooling solutions to 40 W Tx power per element -
for MPAR applications*

Very low thermal impedance, high efficiency power transistors

< 2.5 C/W for **12-W** PAs

< 1.0 C/W for **30-W** PAs

Transistor Tchannel **< 125 C** w/ 90 C MMIC base *

Enables low cost, surface-mount packaging (plastic, LCP)

**Transistor Channel Temperature vs. Median Life*

125 C: 10⁷ hours (> 1000 years median life)

150 C: 10⁶ hours (> 100 years)

175 C: 10⁵ hours (> 10 years)

Digital Receiver Exciters (DREX)

- // **Digital** Array Radars require **multiple DREX** subsystems
Ideally - 1 per element -- **Reality** (cost, size) - **1 per many elements**
- // *Recent technology investments are beginning to drive DREX down a similar cost - size – mass reduction roadmap as T/R modules*
- // *DREX solutions – simple low cost chipsets, to complex integrated microwave assemblies – are driven by these requirements:*
 - Phase Noise** **Spurious Signals** **Instantaneous Bandwidth**
- // **MPAR cost goals are highly dependent on these requirements**

- // T/R module technologies have advanced significantly in the past five years

T/R MMIC integration & packaging - are key to these advancements

- // Antenna array packaging significantly influences cost

- // DREX content per array will grow as cost and size decrease, with new technology insertions

- // **T/R module technology exists today to meet MPAR cost goals**