



JHT Progress Report: Ocean Heat Content Estimates In The Eastern Pacific Ocean For SHIPS Forecasting

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Goal: To assess the impact of the upper ocean thermal structure on hurricane intensity in EPAC.





Background:

Ocean Heat Content (OHC) has been found to improve intensity forecasting in Atlantic Ocean Basin in SHIPS (DeMaria *et al.* 2005; Mainelli *et al.* 2006).

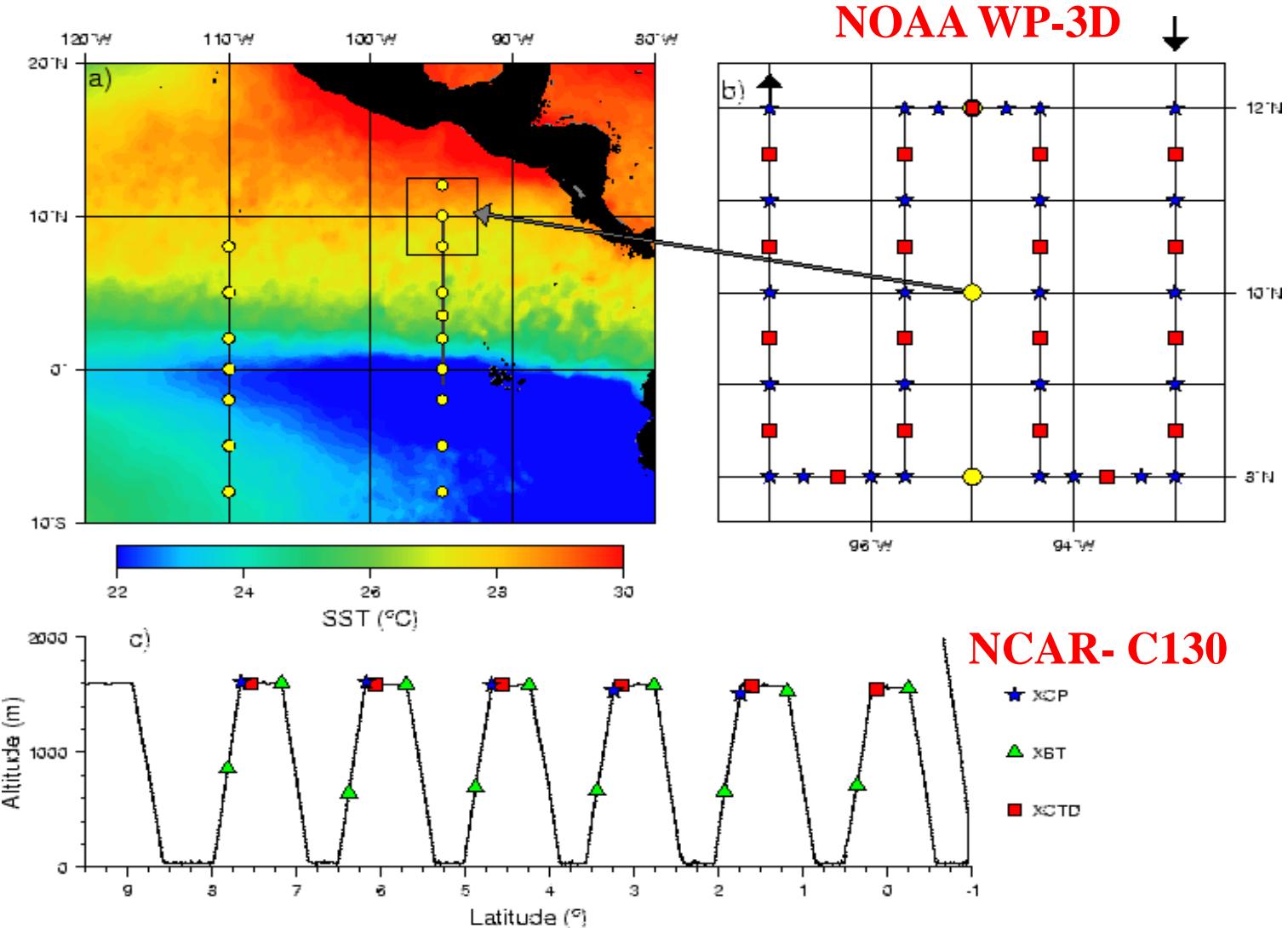
Extending the approach to the EPAC given the significant ocean variability. JHT Grant Progress incorporates:

1. Data Synthesis from EPIC, TAO Moorings, Satellite Radar Altimetry (Topex, Jason-1, GFO and Envisat), XBT transects) (Yr 1).
2. Data Comparisons and Integration with GDEM (Yr 1).
3. Monitoring Phase (Yr 2).
4. Estimates for SHIPS (Yr 2)





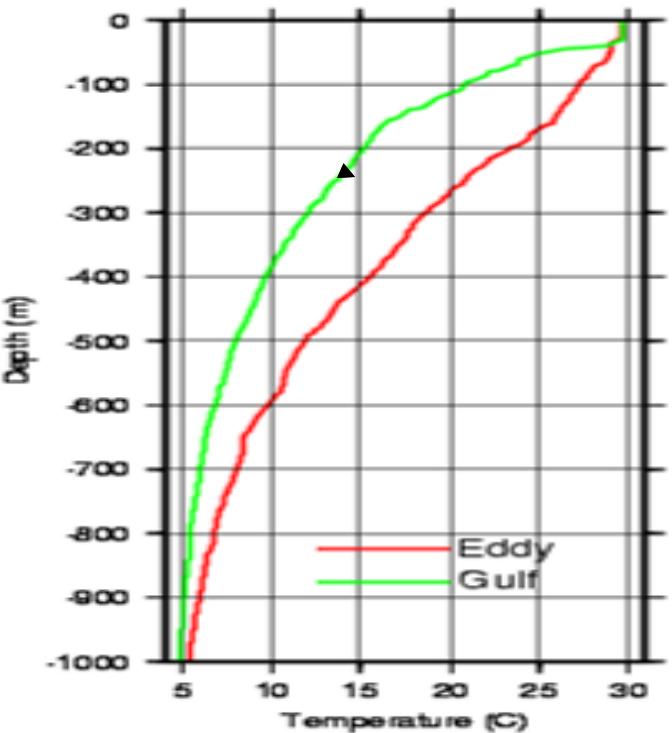
NSF/NOAA Aircraft and TAO Buoys Sample Strategy





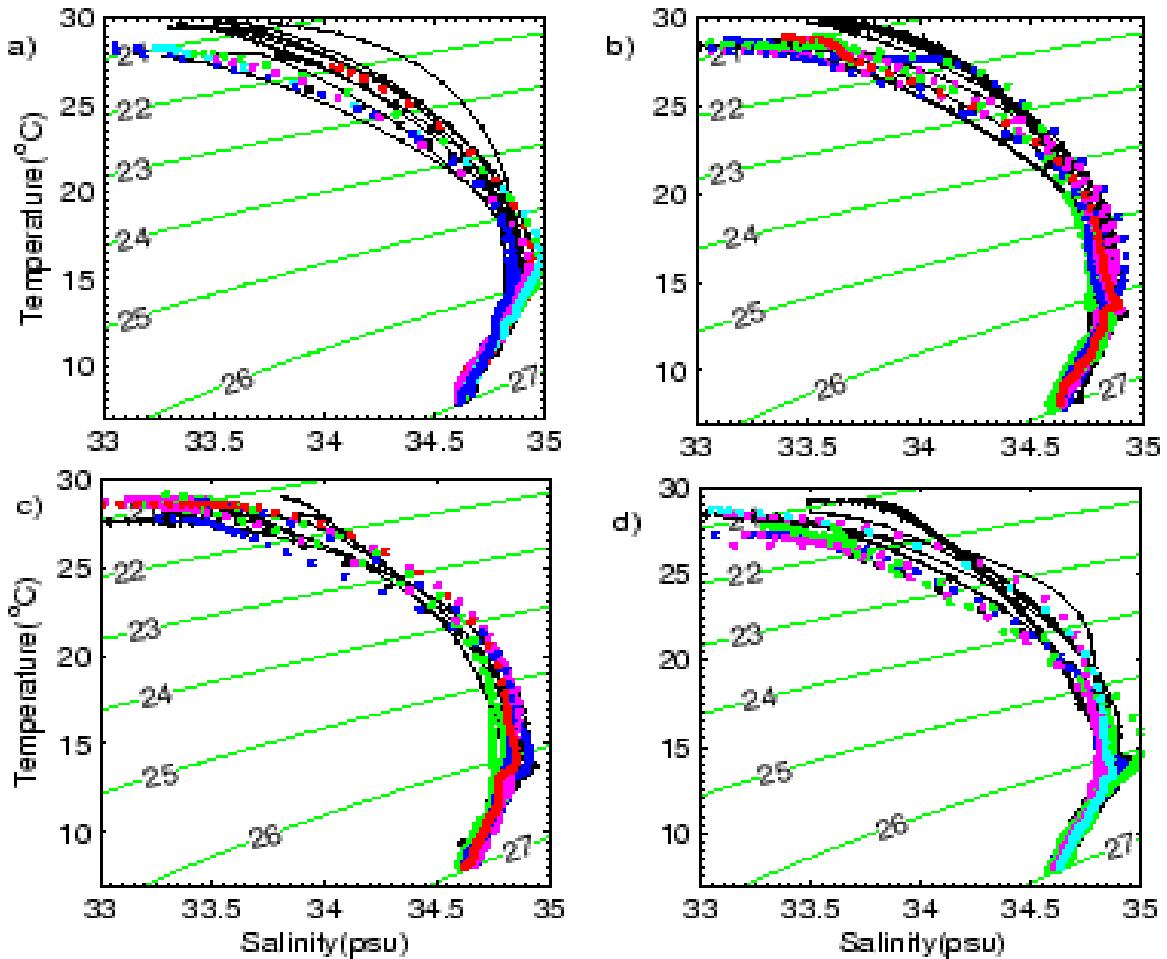
Approach: Two-Layer Model (Kundu 1991).

- Reduced gravity
- Infer depth of 20°C Isotherm using SHA and seasonal climatology.
- Estimate 26°C depth-relative to 20°C.
- Estimate OHC using isotherm depth and SST.
- **Ground Truthing.**



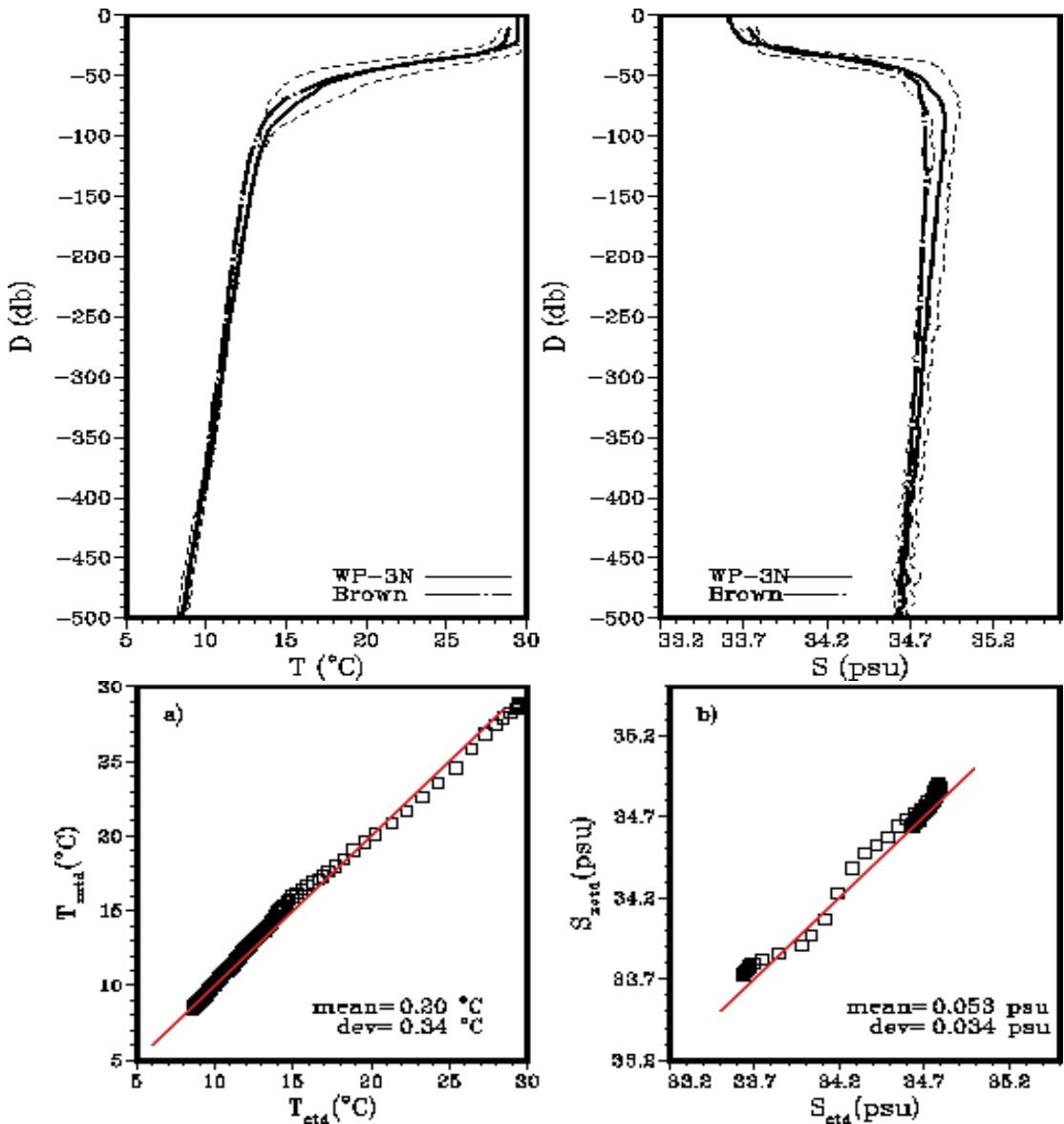


TS Diagrams a) 93W, b) 94.3W, c) 96.6W and d) 97W





NOAA R/V Brown Versus WP-3D CTDs -10N



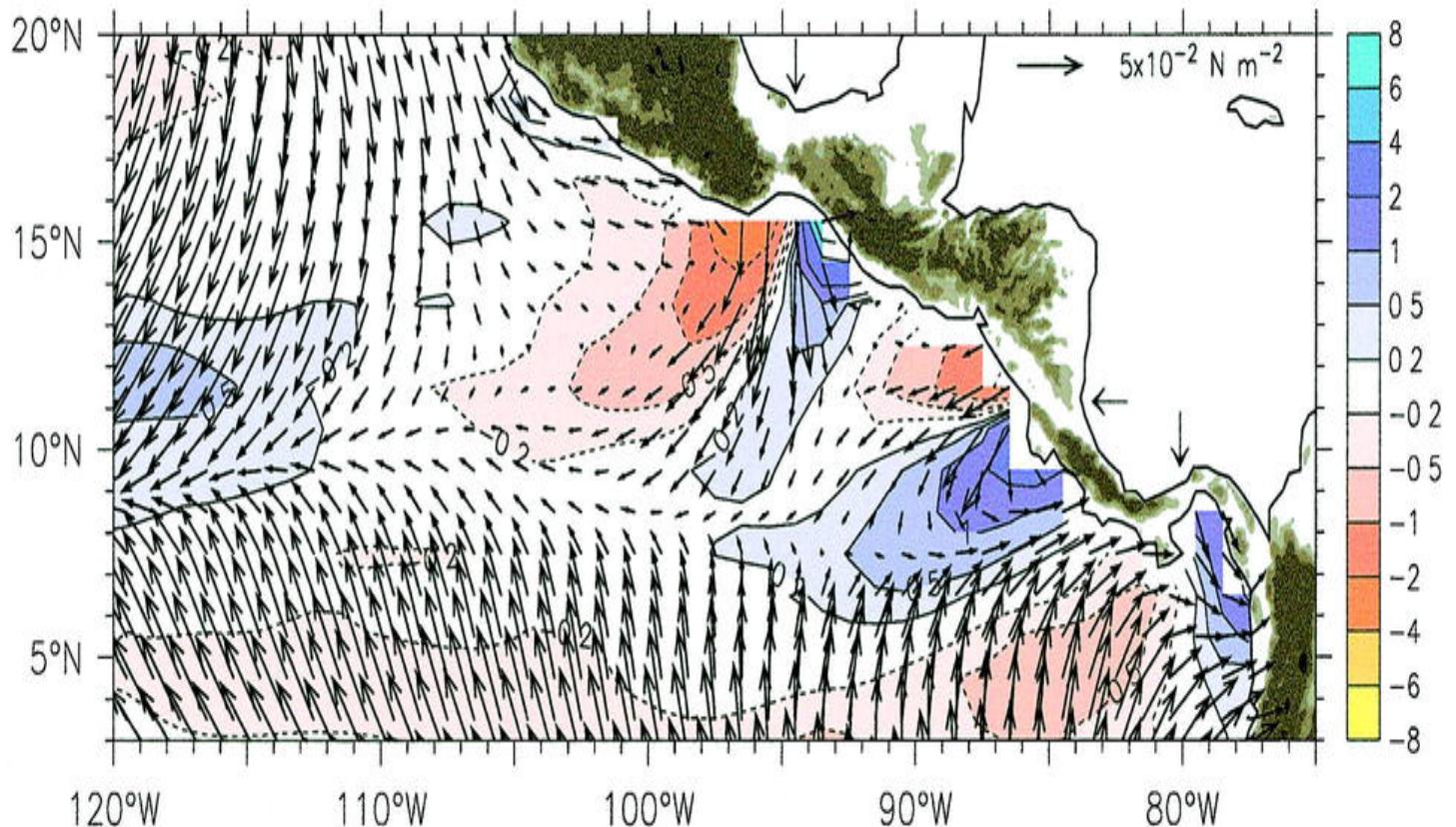
Airborne
Oceanography
Works!





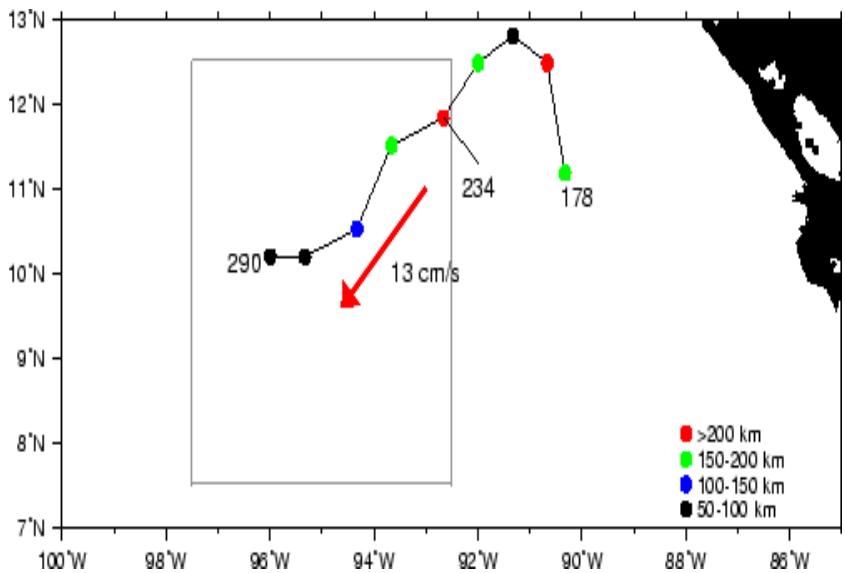
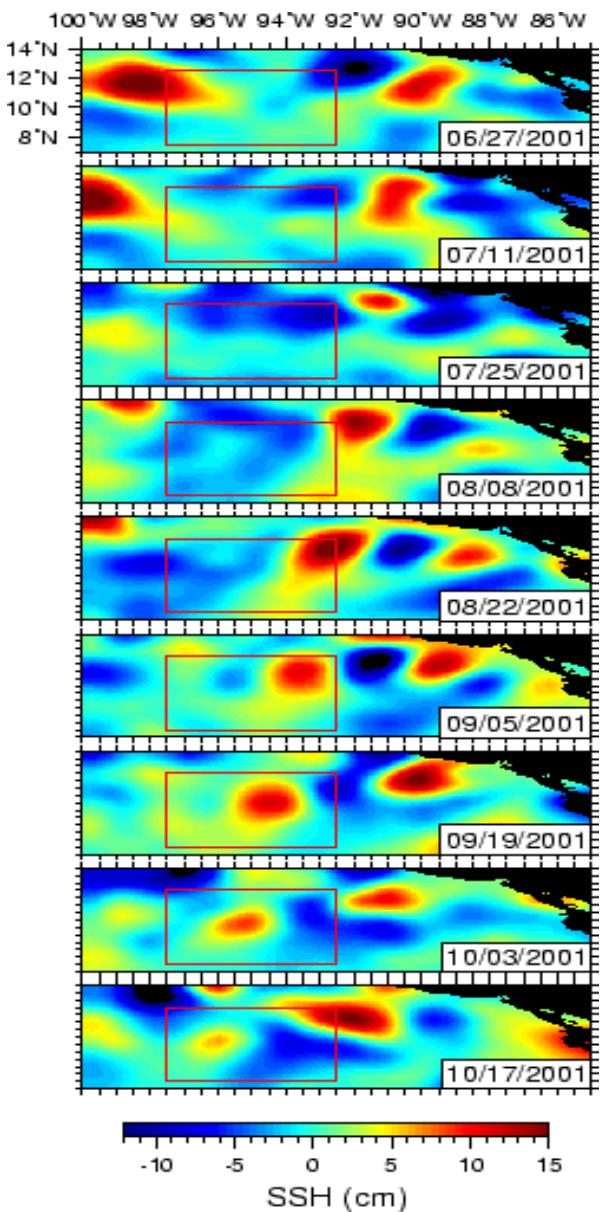
Annual Mean Wind Stress Aug 99-Jul 2000 :

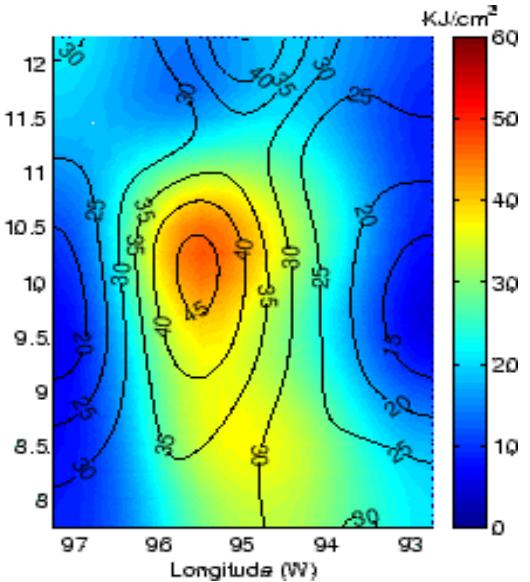
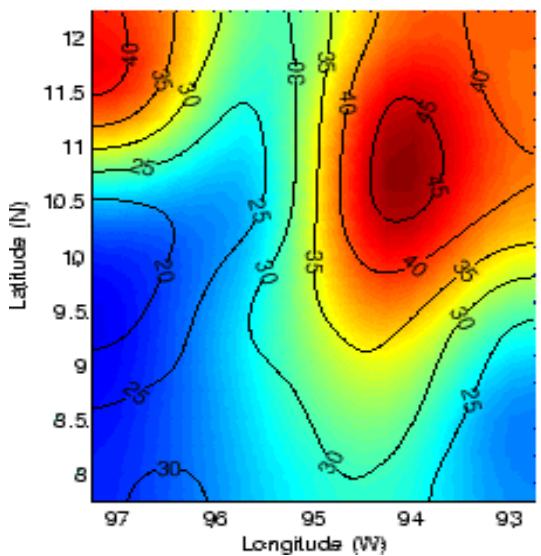
Fig. 5 from Kessler (2002)



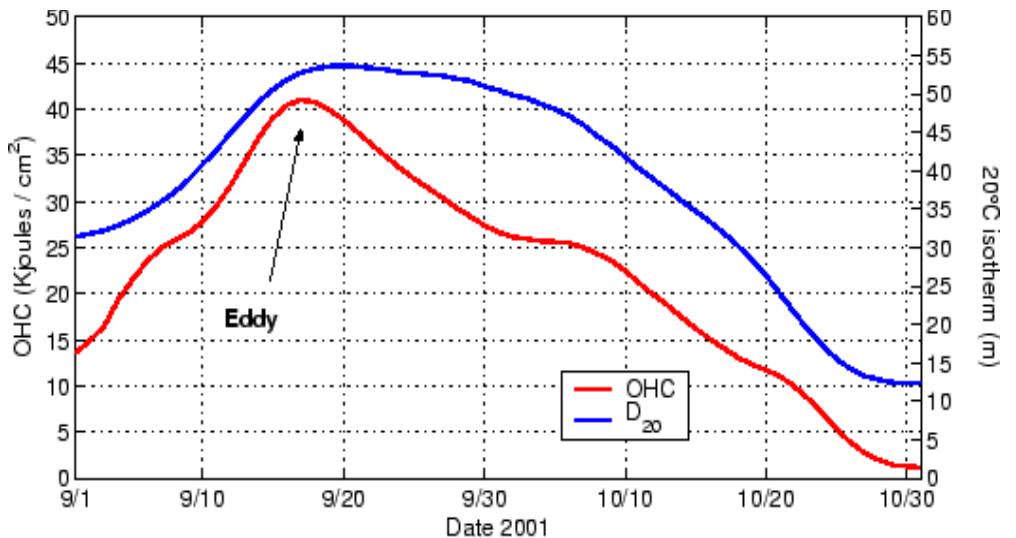


Blended Altimetry Derived Fields and Warm Eddy Pathway.





Sept (left) and Oct (right) OHC of Warm Core Eddy



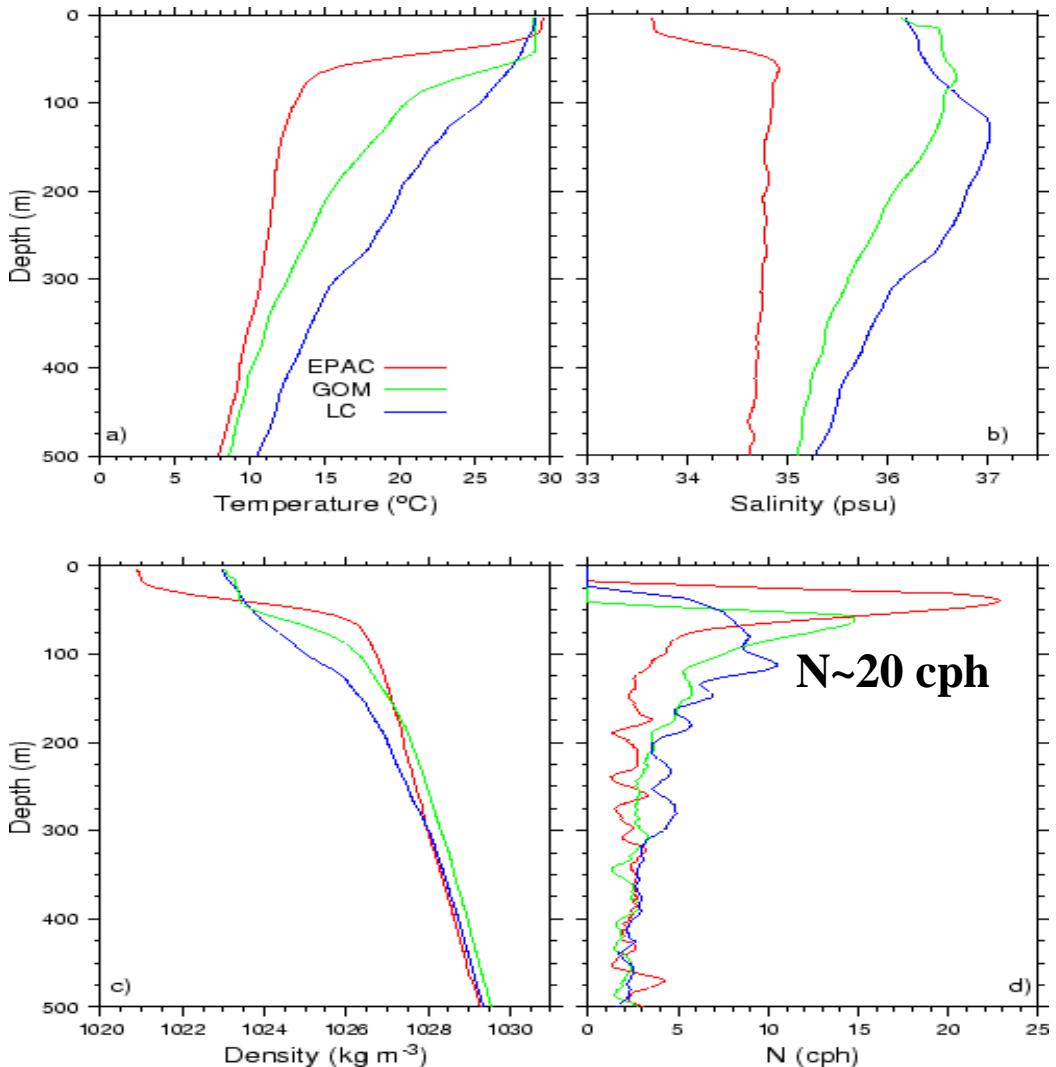
10°N TAO Mooring OHC and D₂₀°C.
The shallow isotherm depths may be an indication of the Costa Rica Dome.



EPAC Paradox

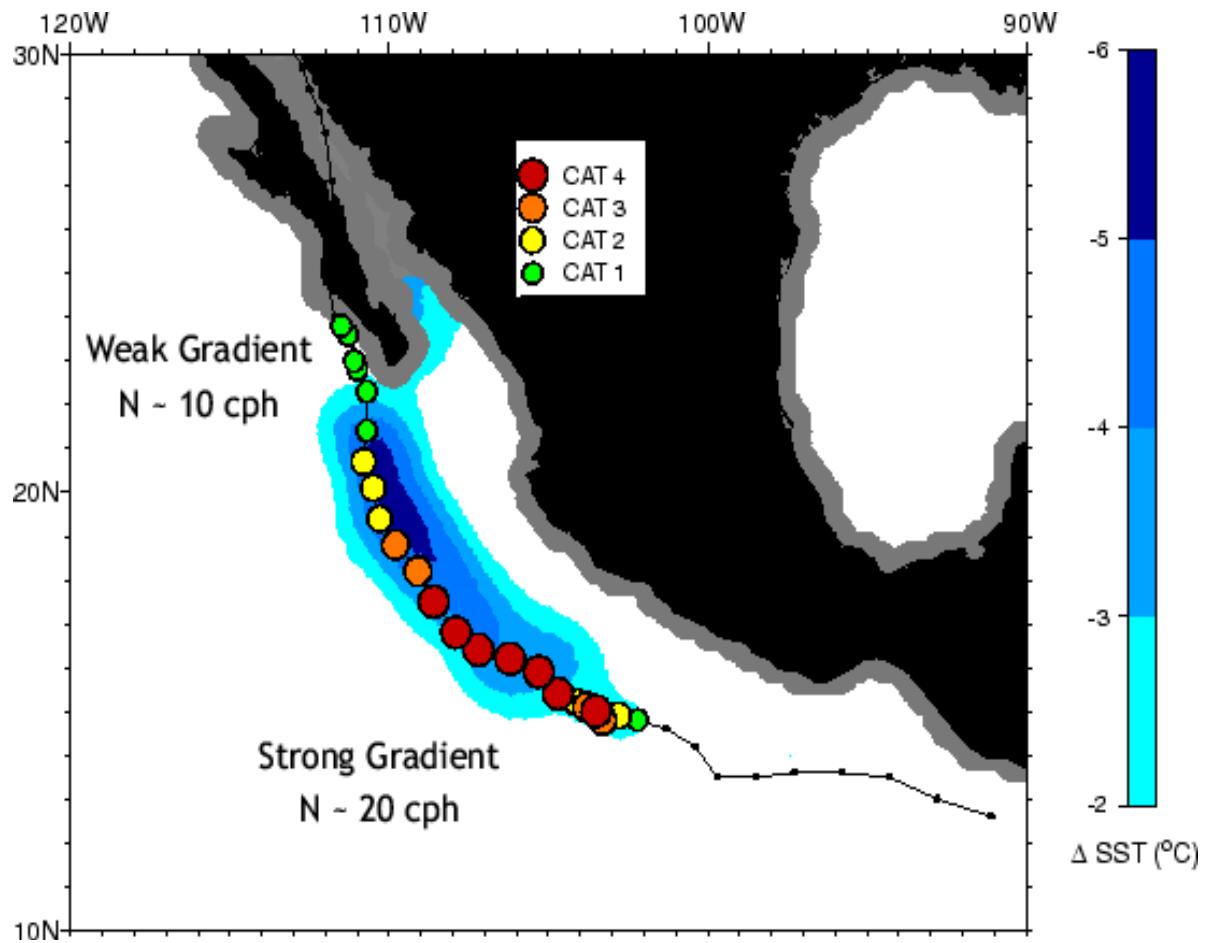
**Strong vertical
temperature,
salinity and density
gradients at base of
OML in EPAC...**

**Implications for
mixing...and ocean
(SST) cooling.**



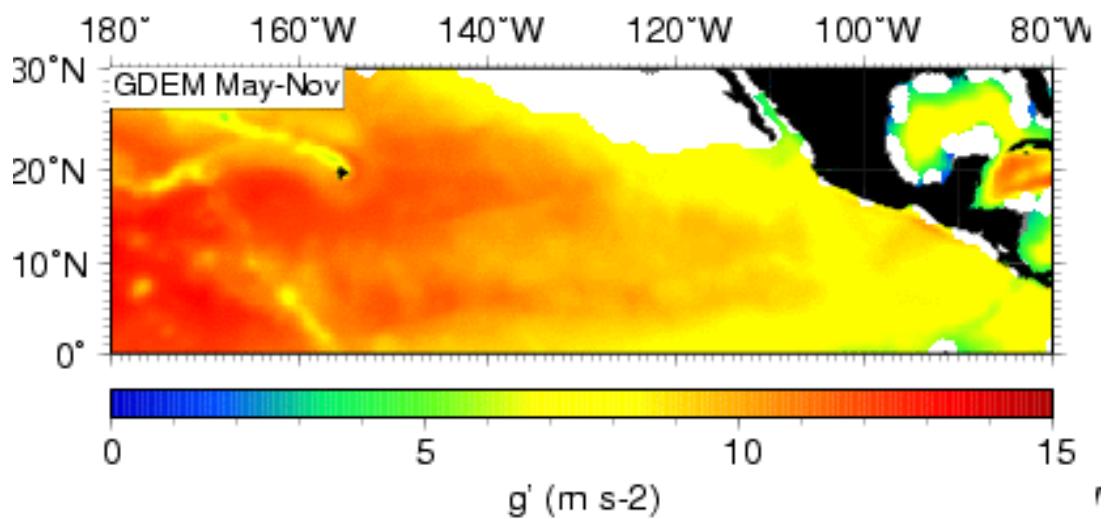
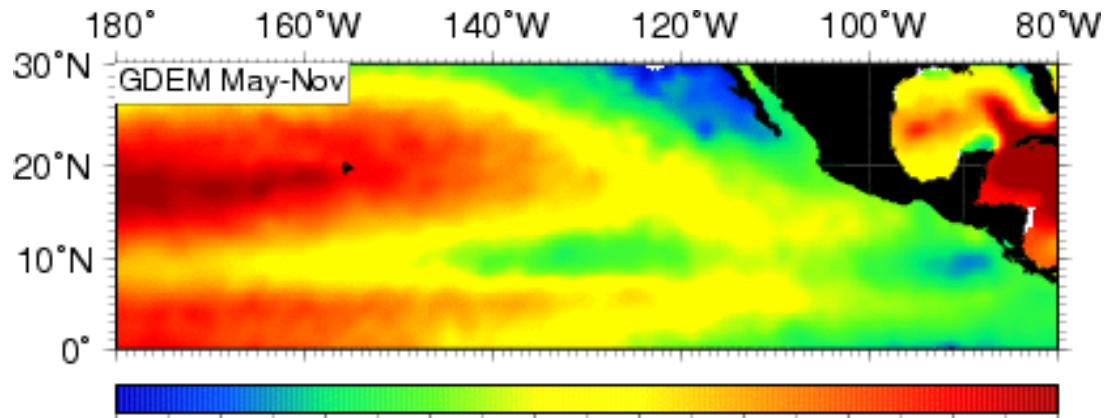


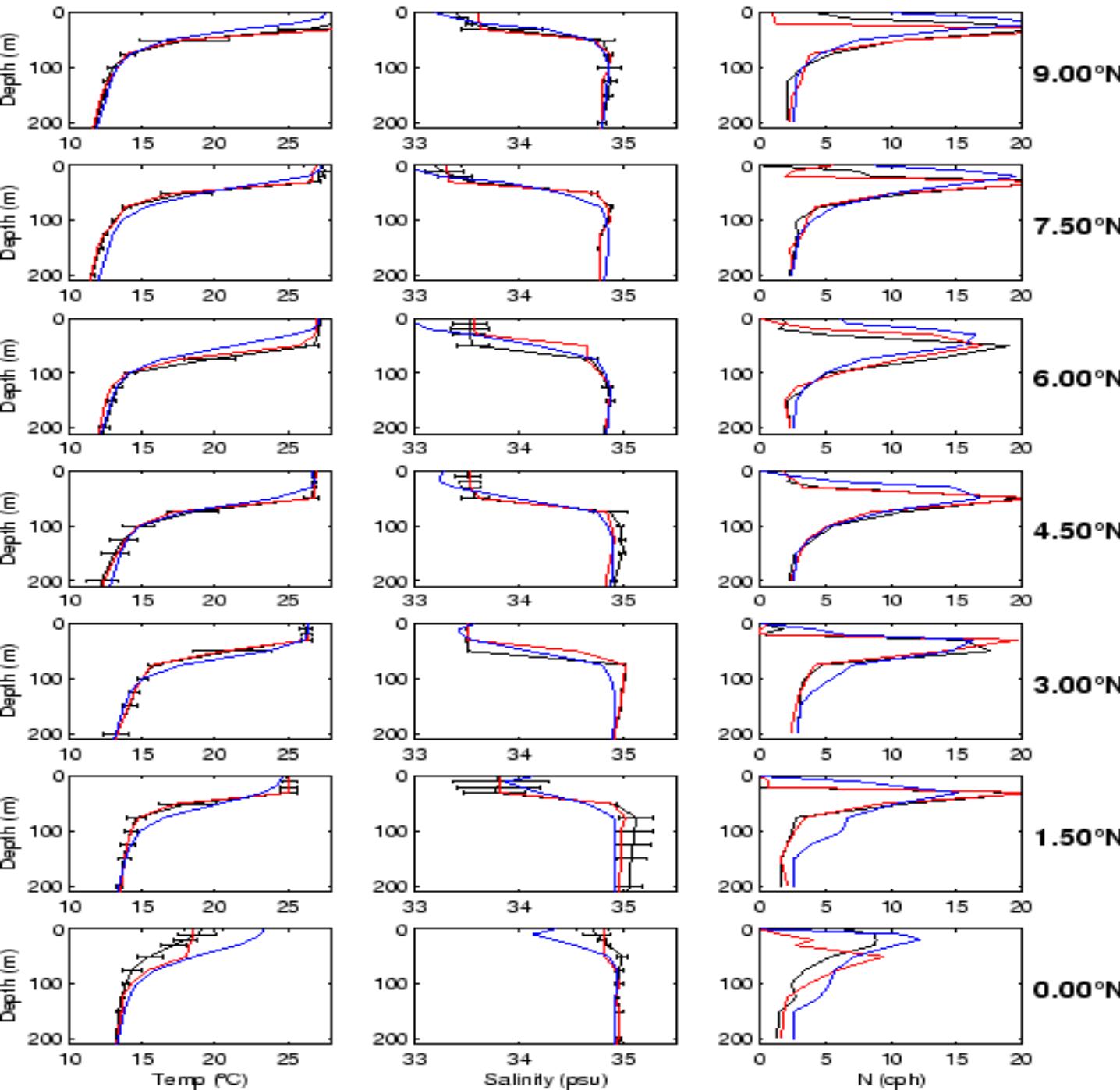
Hurricane Juliette-Induced Cooling





GDEM Depth of 20°C Isotherm and Reduced Gravity ($g' \times 100$):





95°W
Ocean
Structure:
EPIC



Summary:

NOAA/NSF EPIC, XBT transects and NOAA TAO data providing insights into the formation and propagation of warm eddies in the EPAC and the OHC variability-ground truthing....

OHC estimates are significantly less ($<60 \text{ kJ cm}^{-2}$) than warm features in the western Atlantic Ocean Basin ($>100 \text{ kJ cm}^{-2}$)-**L&V-16 kJ cm^{-2}** .

Strong stratification ($N \sim 20 \text{ cph}$) underneath the ocean mixed layer that precludes strong mixing during TC passage over the warm pool.

Over the next few months, finish comparisons between the in situ data sets with GDEM and relate data to SHA from several platforms.

With respect to altimetry, Jason-1, GFO and TOPEX data are superior to Envisat SHA fields based on efforts using pre and post-Rita data.

